Oracle Database Client 23ai

Version:	1.0.0
Created by:	cloudimg

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1.) Overview

This document is provided as a user guide for the Oracle Database Client 23ai product offering on the AWS Marketplace. Please reach out to support@cloudimg.co.uk if any issues are encountered following this user guide for the chosen product offering.

2.) Access & Security

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Please update the security group of the target instance to allow the below ports and protocols for access and connectivity.

Protocol	Type	Port	Description
SSH	TCP	22	SSH connectivity

3.)System Requirements

The minimum system requirements for the chosen product offering can be found below

Minimum CPU	Minimum RAM	Required Disk Space
1	1 GB	20 GB

4.) Connecting to the Instance

Once launched in the Amazon EC2 Service, please connect to the instance via an SSH client using the **ec2-user** with the key pair associated at launch. Once connected as the **ec2-user** user, you will be able to sudo to the **root** user by issuing the below command.

Switch to the root user.

```
sudo su -
```

NOTE: Please allow the EC2 Instance to reach 2/2 successful status checks to ensure you will be able to connect successfully with the ec2-key pair assigned at launch. Upon attempting to SSH to early you may receive errors such as below, this is expected with an early SSH connection. Allow the EC2 instance to reach 2/2 status checks and you will be able successfully connect with the ec2-key pair assigned at launch as the ec2-user.

Example errors you may receive with an early SSH connection.

```
Permission denied (publickey,gssapi-keyex,gssapi-with-mic).

ec2-user@your-instance-ip's password:
```

5.) On Startup

An OS package update script has been configured to run on boot to ensure the image is fully up to date at first use. You can disable this feature by removing the script from /stage/scripts/ and deleting the entry in crontab for the root user.

Disable the OS update script from running on reboot

```
rm -f /stage/scripts/initial_boot_update.sh

crontab -e

#DELETE THE BELOW LINE. SAVE AND EXIT THE FILE.
@reboot /stage/scripts/initial_boot_update.sh
```

6.) Filesystem Configuration

Please see below for a screenshot of the server disk configuration and specific mount point mappings for software locations.

```
Filesystem       Size  Used Avail Use% Mounted on
devtmpfs         1.9G     0  1.9G   0% /dev
tmpfs            1.9G     0  1.9G   0% /dev/shm
tmpfs            1.9G  8.5M  1.9G   1% /run
tmpfs            1.9G     0  1.9G   0% /sys/fs/cgroup
/dev/nvme0n1p2    38G  3.5G   32G  10% /
/dev/nvme1n1      20G  6.5G   13G  35% /u01
/dev/nvme0n1p1   2.0G  143M  1.7G   8% /boot
tmpfs            389M     0  389M   0% /run/user/1002
tmpfs            389M     0  389M   0% /run/user/0
```

Mount Point	Description
/boot	Operating System Kernel files
/u01	Oracle software installation directory

7.) Server Components

Please see below for a list of installed server components and their respective installation paths. The below versions are subject to change on initial boot based on the

initial_boot_update.sh script finding new versions of the software in the systems package repositories.

Component	Version	Software Home
Oracle Client 23ai	23ai	/u01

8.) Scripts and Log Files

The below table provides a breakdown of any scripts & log files created to enhance the useability of the chosen offering.

Script/Log	Path	Description
Initial_boot_update.sh	/stage/scripts	Update the Operating System with the latest updates available.
Initial_boot_update.log	/stage/scripts	Provides output for initial_boot_update.sh

9.) Using System Components

Instructions can be found below for using each component of the server build mentioned in section 7 of this user guide document.

Oracle Database Client

Oracle Database Client has been preinstalled on the system. Please follow the below instructions for setting the environment variables required to use the software.

Run – Once logged into the server as the ec2-user, switch to the oracle user. (Please type this command instead of copy paste)

```
sudo su – oracle
```

Run – A script has been created under the $HOME directory of the oracle user.

- setEnv.sh – This script will set the Oracle environment variables allowing the use of utilities such as sqlplus.

Run – Create a tnsnames.ora file. An example has been provided below. Please edit the below values in **RED** to match that of the database instance you wish to connect to.

```
#Set the Oracle environment variables
cd $HOME
. ./setEnv.sh

echo EXAMPLE_SID =
  (DESCRIPTION =
    (ADDRESS_LIST =
      (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP)(HOST = EXAMPLE_IP_OR_DNS_HOSTNAME)(PORT = 1521))
    )
    (CONNECT_DATA =
      (SERVER = DEDICATED)
      (SERVICE_NAME = EXAMPLE_SERVICE_NAME)
    )
  )' > "$ORACLE_HOME/network/admin/tnsnames.ora"
```

Run – Set the Oracle environment variables and access your database via SQLPLUS (Replace the values in **RED** to match that used above in the tnsnames.ora file)

```
#Set the Oracle environment variables and access SQLPLUS
cd $HOME
. ./setEnv.sh
sqlplus
'system/password@(DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP)(HOST=orcl.us.oracle.com)(PORT=1521))(CON
NECT_DATA=(SERVICE_NAME=orcl.us.oracle.com)))'
```

EXPECTED OUTPUT

```
SQL*Plus: Release 23.x.x.x Production on Wed Apr 5 06:43:09 2023


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Connected to:
Oracle Database 23ai - 64bit Production
```

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